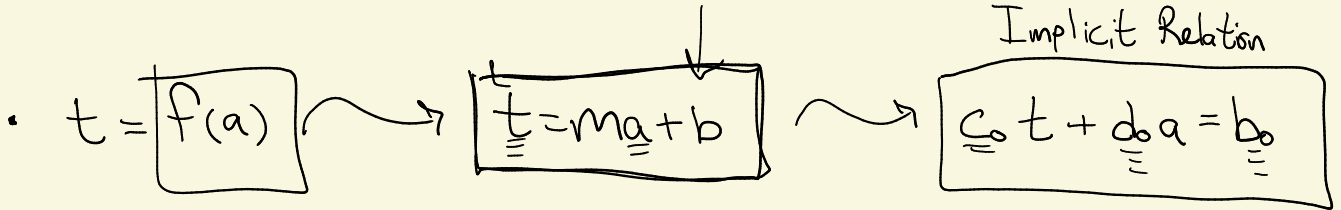


# Project

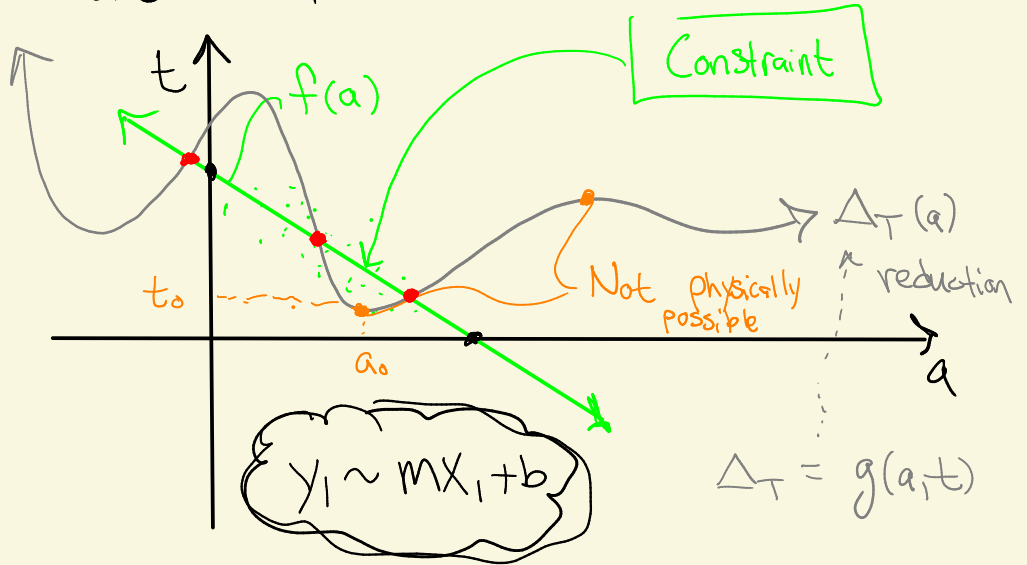
① How is temperature related to altitude?

$t = \text{temperature}$  ] dependent variable ( $y$ )  
 $a = \text{altitude}$  ] independent variable ( $x$ )



Ex  $0.3t + 6.75a = 12.1$

$x_i$	$y_i$
alt.	temps
⋮	⋮

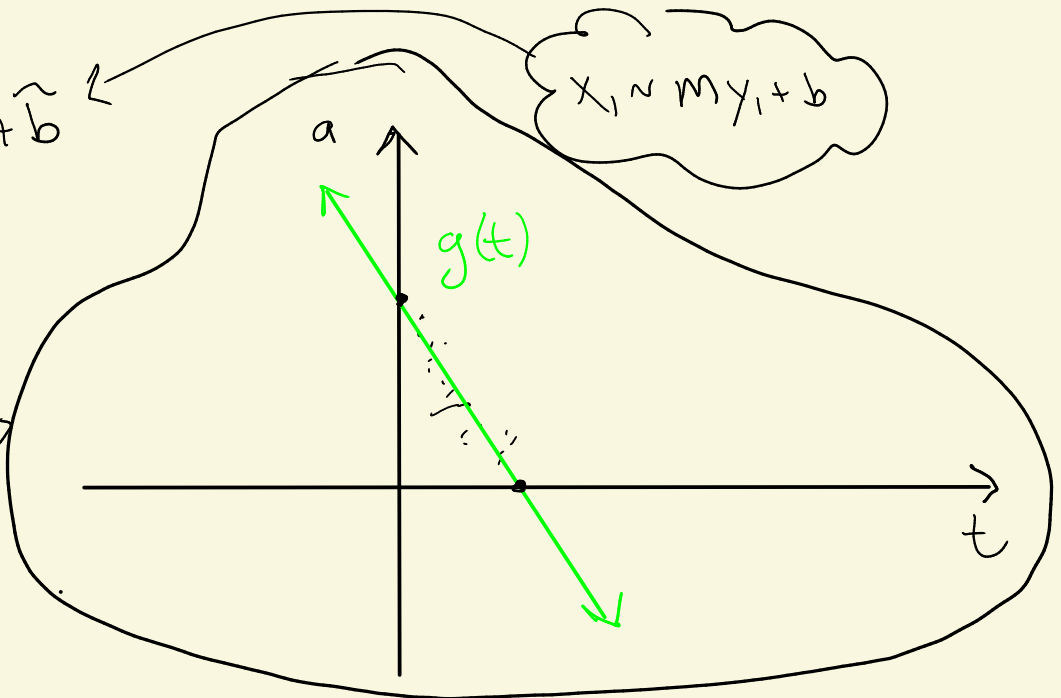


$a = g(t)$

$a = g(t) = \tilde{m}t + \tilde{b}$

$x_i \sim m y_i + b$

Figure 1  $\rightarrow$



②  $\Delta_T = g(a, t)$

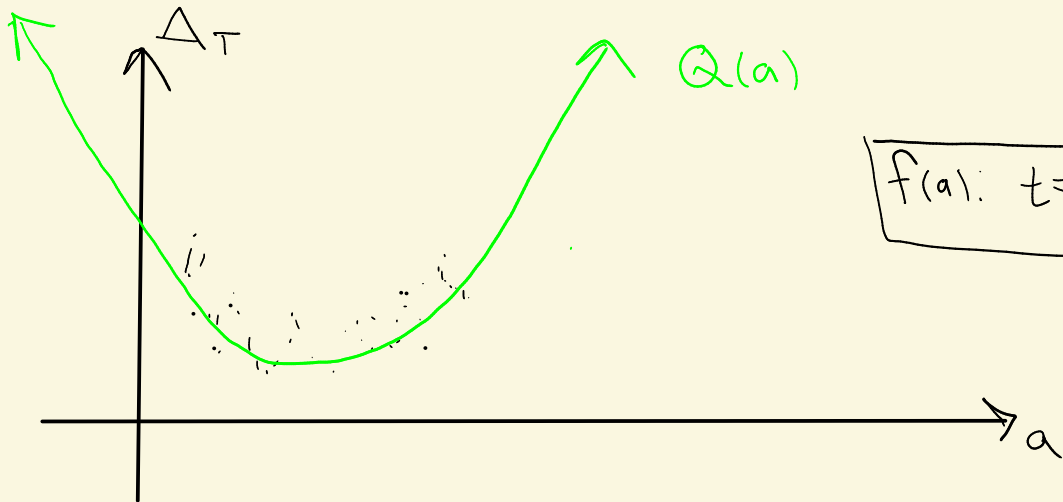
1<sup>st</sup> Approximation :  $\Delta_T = \underline{\underline{Q(a)}} = m_2 a^2 + m_1 a + m_0$

From regression on

$X_i$	$Y_i$
$\{$	$\{$
altitudes	Interbirth intervals
$\}$	$\}$

Regression

$Y_i \sim \underline{\underline{m_2}} X_i^2 + \underline{\underline{m_1}} X_i + \underline{\underline{m_0}}$



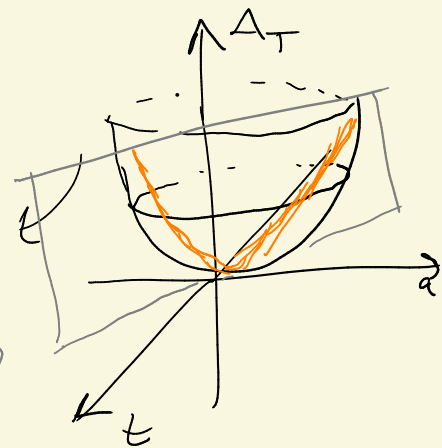
$f(a): t = ma + b$

③ Analysis

$\Delta_T = \underline{\underline{Q(a, t)}} = L a (\underline{\underline{M - t}}) + N$

Constraint :  $t = ma + b$

numbers to be determined



$\Delta_T = \underline{\underline{Q(a)}} = \underline{\underline{L}} a (\underline{\underline{M - (ma + b)}}) + \underline{\underline{N}}$   
 $= (?) a^2 + (?) a + (?)$

Algebra

③  $\bar{Q}(a) = \textcircled{?}_1 a^2 + \textcircled{?}_2 a + \textcircled{?}_3$

$10L + 4M + N = 0.125$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $m_2$

②  $Q(a) = \underline{m_2} a^2 + \underline{m_1} a + \underline{m_0}$   
 Actual numbers

Solve for L, M, N

$\bar{Q}(a, t) = La(M-t) + N$

$10 = 4a(3-t) + 1$   
 $\Delta_T = 10$   
 $\Delta_T = 8$   
 $\Delta_T = 3$

Set equal to a number

$t = ? + \frac{?}{a}$

