

1. Let $R = \mathbb{C}[X_1, \dots, X_n]$. The *Demazure operator* is defined by

$$\partial_{s_i}: R \longrightarrow R^{s_i}(2), \quad g \mapsto \frac{g - s_i g}{X_i - X_{i+1}}.$$

Consider the homomorphisms of graded R -bimodules given by

$$\begin{aligned} \iota_-: R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R(-2) &\longrightarrow R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R(-2), \quad f \otimes g \mapsto f \otimes 1 \otimes g \\ \iota_+: R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R &\longrightarrow R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R(-2), \quad f \otimes g \mapsto f \otimes \frac{X_i - X_{i+1}}{2} \otimes g \\ p_-: R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R(-2) &\longrightarrow R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R(-2), \quad f \otimes g \otimes h \mapsto \partial_{s_i} \left(\frac{X_i - X_{i+1}}{2} g \right) f \otimes h \\ p_+: R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R(-2) &\longrightarrow R \otimes_{R^{s_i}} R, \quad f \otimes g \otimes h \mapsto \partial_{s_i}(g) f \otimes h \end{aligned}$$

(a) Show that

$$p_+ \circ \iota_- = 0, \quad p_- \circ \iota_+ = 0, \quad p_+ \circ \iota_+ = \text{id}, \quad p_- \circ \iota_- = \text{id}, \quad \iota_+ \circ p_+ + \iota_- \circ p_- = \text{id}.$$

(b) Use part (a) to show that

$$B_{s_i} \otimes_R B_{s_i} \cong B_{s_i}(1) \oplus B_{s_i}(-1)$$

by constructing two mutually inverse graded R -bimodule homomorphisms.

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- $f \otimes g \xrightarrow{\iota_-} f \otimes 1 \otimes g \xrightarrow{P_+} \left(\frac{1 - s_i 1}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g$
- $= \left(\frac{1 - 1}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g = 0 \cdot f \otimes g = 0.$
- $f \otimes g \xrightarrow{\iota_+} f \otimes (\frac{1}{2}(X_i - X_{i+1})) \otimes g \xrightarrow{P_-} \partial_{s_i}(\frac{1}{2}(X_i - X_{i+1}) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(X_i - X_{i+1})) f \otimes g$
- $= \partial_{s_i}(\frac{1}{4}(X_i - X_{i+1})^2) f \otimes g = \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}(X_i - X_{i+1})^2 - s_i \frac{1}{4}(X_i - X_{i+1})^2}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g$
- $= \left(\frac{(X_i - X_{i+1})^2 - (X_{i+1} - X_i)^2}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g = \left(\frac{(X_i - X_{i+1})^2 - (X_i - X_{i+1})^2}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g$
- $= 0 \cdot f \otimes g = 0.$
- $f \otimes g \xrightarrow{i_+} \frac{1}{2} f \otimes (X_i - X_{i+1}) \otimes g \xrightarrow{P_+} \frac{1}{2} \partial_{s_i}(X_i - X_{i+1}) f \otimes g$
- $= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(X_i - X_{i+1}) - (X_{i+1} - X_i)}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2X_i - 2X_{i+1}}{X_i - X_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g = 1 \cdot f \otimes g = f \otimes g.$

$$\begin{aligned} f \otimes g &\xrightarrow{i^-} f \otimes 1 \otimes g \xrightarrow{P_-} 2s_i \left(\frac{x_i - x_{i+1}}{2} \cdot 1 \right) f \otimes g \\ &= \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1}) - \frac{1}{2}(x_{i+1} - x_i)}{x_i - x_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g = \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}(2x_i - 2x_{i+1})}{x_i - x_{i+1}} \right) f \otimes g = 1 \cdot f \otimes g = f \otimes g. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot f \otimes g \otimes h \xrightarrow{\rho_+} \partial_{S_i}(g) f \otimes h \xrightarrow{i_+} \partial_{S_i}(g) f \otimes \frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1}) \otimes \\
 & = (x_i - x_{i+1})' (g - s_i g) f \otimes \frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1}) \otimes h \\
 & = f \otimes (x_i - x_i)^{-1} (g - s_i g) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1}) \otimes h \quad \text{since } \partial_{S_i}(g) \in R^{S_i} \\
 & = f \otimes \frac{1}{2}(g - s_i g) \otimes g \\
 \\
 & \cdot f \otimes g \otimes h \xrightarrow{\rho_-} \partial_{S_i}(\frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1})g) f \otimes h \xrightarrow{i_-} \partial_{S_i}(\frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1})g) f \otimes 1 \otimes h \\
 \\
 & = f \otimes \partial_{S_i}(\frac{1}{2}(x_i - x_{i+1})g) \otimes h = f \otimes \frac{1}{2}(g + s_i g) \otimes h
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \text{WTS} \quad B_{S_i} \otimes_R B_{S_i} \cong B_{S_i}(1) \oplus B_{S_i}(-1)$$

Using $B_{S_i} = R \otimes_{R^{S_i}} R(-1)$, wts

$$(R \otimes_{R^S} R(-1)) \otimes_R (R \otimes_{R^S} R(-1)) \cong R \otimes_{R^S} R \oplus R \otimes_{R^S} R(-2)$$

$$R \otimes_{R^S; R} \overset{''}{R} \otimes_{R^S; R} R (-2) , \quad \text{So take...}$$

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$$R \otimes_{R^S; R} \overset{''}{R} \otimes_{R^S; R} R (-2) \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} P_+ \oplus P_- \\ i_+ \oplus i_- \end{matrix}} R \otimes_{R^S; R} A$$

Thus it suffices to show $p_{\text{obj}} = \text{id}$ $p_{\text{obj}} = \text{id}$

$$P_+ \circ i_+ \oplus P_- \circ i_- = id_{A \otimes B} = id_A \oplus id_B, \text{ but we know this from (a).}$$

